# Aquifer Storage and Recovery in the Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan (CERP)



**Water Resource Advisory Commission** 

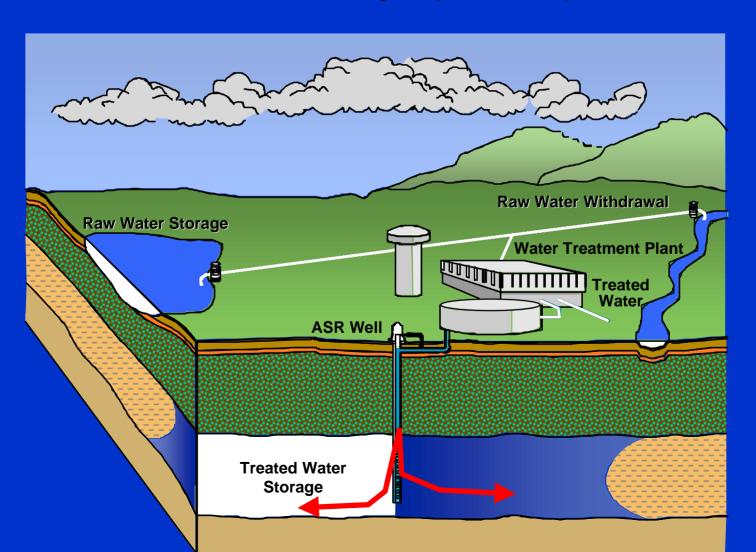
**August 2, 2001** 

West Palm Beach, FL

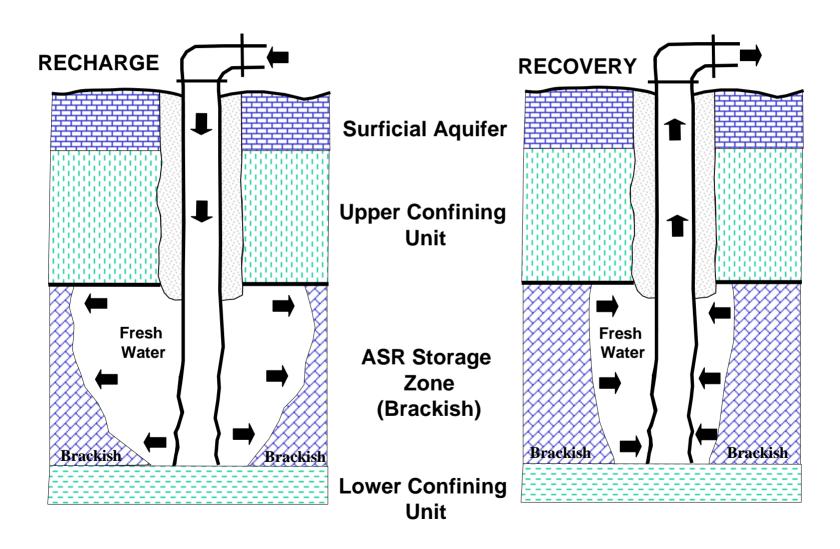
## What is Aquifer Storage and Recovery (ASR)?

ASR may be defined as the storage of freshwater in a brackish-water aquifer, through wells, during wet periods for subsequent recovery from these same wells during dry periods.

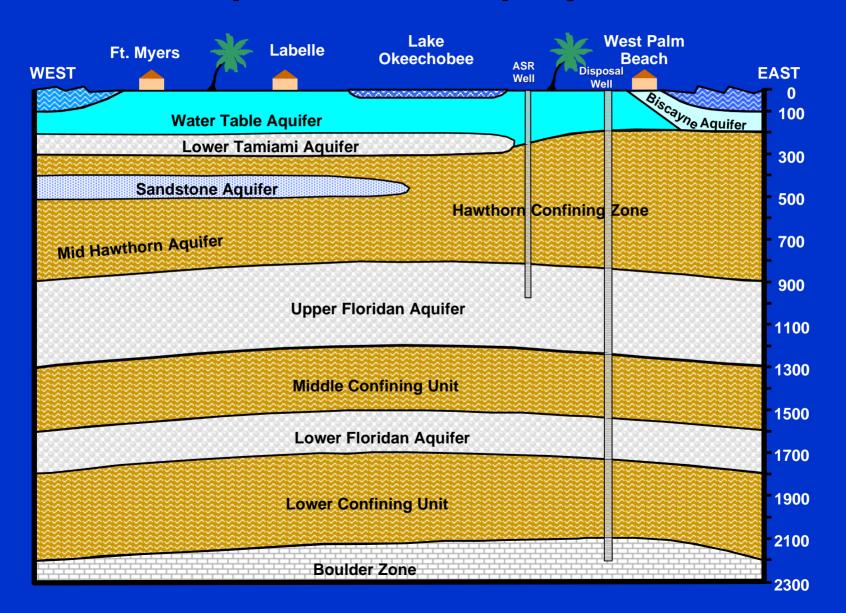
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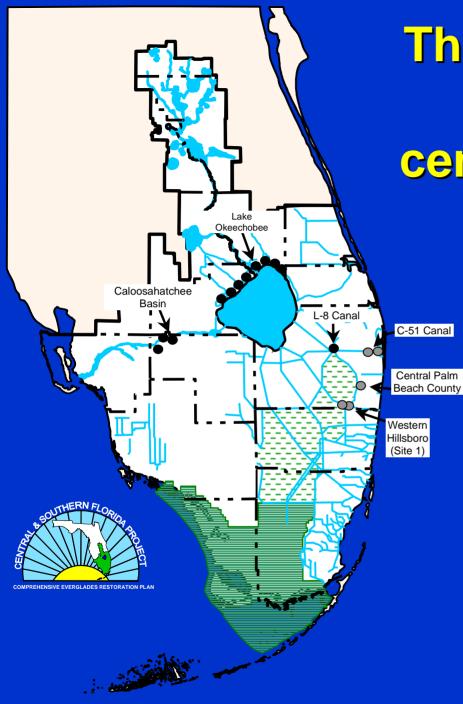


### Aquifer Storage and Recovery Schematic



### ASR Wells Tap a Shallower Zone in the Floridan Aquifer Than Deep Injection Wells





# The majority of CERP ASR capacity is centered around Lake Okeechobee

<u>Site</u>	Capacity (mgd)
Lake Okeechok	ee 1,000
Caloosahatche	e 220
L-8 Basin	<b>50</b>
C-51 Basin	170
<b>Central PBC</b>	<b>75</b>
Western Hillsbo	oro 150
TOTAL	1,665

Note mgd = million gallons per day

## General Benefits of Aquifer Storage and Recovery

- Ability to conduct long-term (multi-year) storage and recover this stored water during droughts, presumably when reservoir levels would be low
- Not subjected to evapotranspiration and seepage losses
- Limited land requirements (acre or two per well) result in significant cost savings compared to reservoirs
- Wells can generally be located in areas of greatest water availability and/or need

#### **Benefits of Lake Okeechobee ASR**

- Inject water from the lake for subsurface storage when lake levels are high
- Return water to the lake when levels are low to provide for downstream users
- Reduce wasteful and sometimes harmful discharges of water to coastal estuaries
- Better manage water level to enhance littoral zone ecosystem and fish populations

#### **ASR Issue Team**

- 1. Source-Water Quality Characterization
- 2. Characterize Regional Hydrogeology
- 3. Critical Pressure for Rock Fracturing
- 4. Regional Changes in Head and Flow
- 5. Water Quality Changes in Aquifer During Storage and Movement
- 6. Potential for Mercury Bioaccumulation
- 7. Relationship between Storage Interval, Recovery Rates, and Recharge Volume



#### IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY





#### **CERP ASR PROGRAM**







**ASR Regional Study** 

ASR Pilot Projects



#### **ASR Regional Study**

 Collect additional data and conduct further analyses (including groundwater modeling) to evaluate the performance of the regional, 333-well CERP ASR Program, and its impacts on the environment and existing users

#### Status

- Inter-agency Project Delivery Team currently developing Scope of Work
- We need your input!!

#### **ASR Pilot Projects**

- Address Technical and Regulatory
  Uncertainties of Functional ASR systems
- Demonstrate Viability of Storing Partially Treated Surface Water or Groundwater into the Brackish, Floridan Aquifer for Subsequent Recovery
- Locations Status
  - Lake Okeechobee Authorized WRDA 1999
  - Western Hillsboro Authorized WRDA 1999
  - Caloosahatchee Authorized WRDA 2000

## Highlights -- Lake Okeechobee ASR Pilot Project PMP

- Cost Estimate -- approximately \$20 million plus 25% contingency fee
- Scheduled Project Completion -- Sep. 2009
- Major Objectives:
  - Collect data to support regional evaluation of full-scale ASR components of CERP
  - Evaluate ASR capacity (per well), recoverability, and pre- and post-treatment requirements
  - Permit, Design, Construct, and Test Five (5)
    ASR Well Systems and Evaluate Performance

## Lake Okeechobee ASR Pilot Project -- Early Tasks

- Real Estate Evaluations
- Local Hydrogeologic Evaluation
- Fate of Microorganisms in Aquifers Study
- Permitting Evaluation
- Source- and Native-Water Studies
  - Quantity
  - Quality
  - Treatability
- Test Wells at Three Sites

Figure 2.

Lake Okeechobee Vicinity Map

## Lake Okeechobee ASR Pilot Project -- Later Tasks

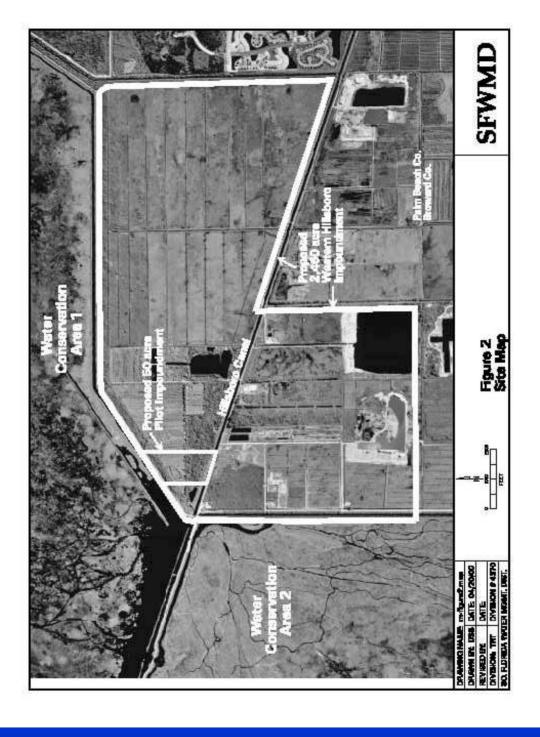
- Exploratory/ASR Wells
- Pilot Project Design Report
- Permitting (WUP, UIC, NEPA, NPDES)
- Surface Facility Construction
- Operational (Cycle) Testing
- Technical Data Report
- Project Closeout

## Highlights -- Western Hillsboro ASR Pilot Project PMP

- Cost Estimate -- approximately \$13 million plus 25% contingency fee
- Scheduled Project Completion -- Jan. 2008
- Major Objectives:
  - Collect data to support regional evaluation of full-scale ASR component of CERP
  - Permit, Design, Construct, and Test Three (3)
    ASR Well Systems and Pilot Impoundment and Evaluate Performance
  - Evaluate ASR capacity (per well), recoverability, and pre- and post-treatment requirements

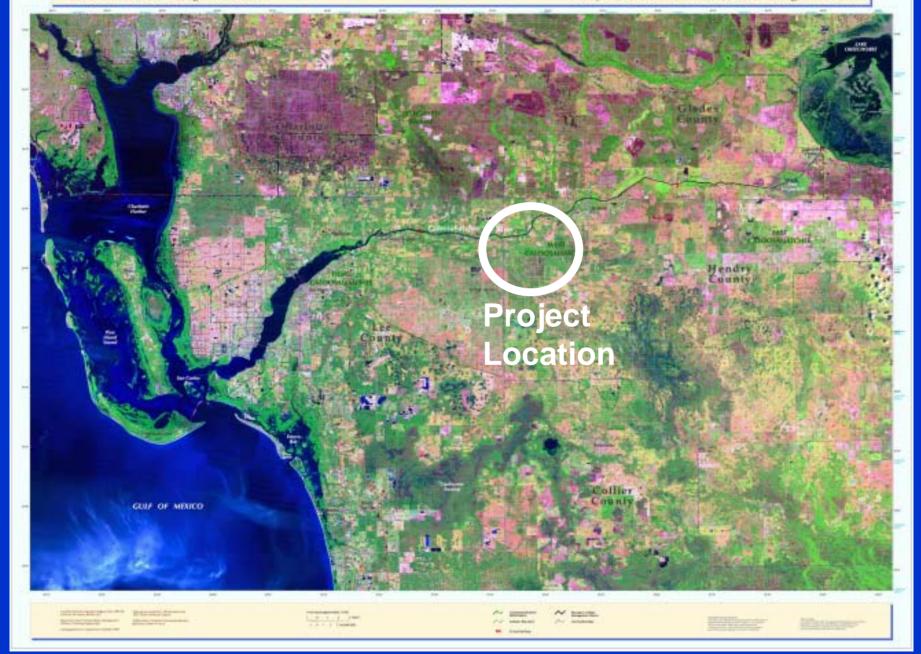
#### Western Hillsboro ASR Pilot Project -- Components

- 3 ASR Wells -- 5 mgd each
- Surface/groundwater water collection and pre-treatment system
- Pilot impoundment (50 acres)
- Pre-discharge water treatment facility
- Surface facilities
- Associated monitor wells



#### Caloosahatchee ASR Pilot Project

- Concurrently conducted with C-43 Reservoir Project; Labelle, FL
- 1 ASR Well, 1 FAS Monitor well
- Surface-water collection, pre-treatment and pre-discharge systems, surface facilities
- Scope of Work being developed
- Scheduled Project Management Plan (PMP) approval November 30, 2001





#### **Private Sector Opportunities**

- <u>Laboratories</u> -- Water Quality Sampling and Analysis of Source-, Native- and Recovered Waters
- <u>Drilling Contractors</u> -- Well Construction and Testing
- General Contractors -- Pre-treatment,
  Surface Facilities, Impoundments
- Consultants -- Studies, Permitting,
  Modeling, Design, CM, Testing
- Design/Build ??

#### **Estimated Costs**

- CERP was estimated to cost \$7.8 billion
- Cost for ASR components: \$1.7 billion
- Cost for treatment of water: \$0.7 billion, or about 40 percent of the total ASR cost
- Pre-treatment includes ultra-filtration (surface water only)
- Post-treatment includes aeration

#### **ASR** -- The Reality

- The defeated ASR Legislation would NOT have allowed water with pesticides, heavy metals, etc. that exceed standards to be put into ASR wells
- CERP ASR assumes all water will be treated prior to recharge into the aquifer
- Defeated legislation dealt only with microorganisms within a specified area, and only if you could demonstrate die-off
- Don't throw the baby out with the bath water!

#### Levels of ASR Acceptance

- 1. Ban it forever!
- 2. Continue ongoing, methodical approach to implementation -- evaluating results from existing facilities, pilot projects, and additional studies.
- 3. ASR can save the world!

Join us in Supporting Option 2!!!